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HOLDS FIRST PRIZE OF KENTUCKY PRESS ASSOCIATION AS BEST EIGHT-PAGE WEEKLY IN KENTUCKY.

BIG SANDY NEWS.

Aut inveniam viam, aut faciam.

LOUISA, LAWRENCE COUNTY, KENTUCKY, OCTOBER 1, 1915.

M. F. CONLEY, Publisher.

THE COUNTY FAIR WAS A SUCCESS.

LIST OF EXHIBITORS WHO WON PRIZES IN THE SHOW LAST WEEK.

The Lawrence-Wayne Association closed the season of 1915 with a successful fair which began on Wednesday, Sept. 22nd and closed Saturday, Sept. 25th. Last week the NEWS could speak only of the exhibit made in the Women's Department and the display of products of the garden and farm. What was said of them need not be repeated now, but the NEWS will say now that the display was far ahead of any ever made here. This is particularly true of the Women's display in both quantity and excellence and true of the farm products as regards quality. It is up to the men of the county who are tillers of the soil to do much better next year. They can do this without any extra cost to themselves. Lawrence is no longer a timber country, neither are its mineral resources large enough to depend upon for much revenue. The same thing can be said of Wayne county, but the farms and orchards of both counties can be made to produce abundantly. So then, let the farmers see to it that a display is made in the autumn of 1916 that will show that their intelligently cultivated soil and orchard of this region can be made to. The corn and grasses and clovers which showed up so finely were the result of proper soil and plant cultivation and the same is true of the other agricultural products.

Concerning the display of live stock of almost every description much can be said in praise of all that was shown. The NEWS much doubts if better cattle or hogs can be found anywhere. The live stock was judged by Mr. T. J. Riggstaff, a well known Blue Grass farmer, and he was emphatic in his praise of the stock which he examined thoroughly. Prof. G. J. of the department of Animal Husbandry, State University, a most competent judge, also declared that the display was excellent. Some good mules, horses and sheep were shown, and their excellence was commented on.

Let us go back to the Women's Department long enough to say a word or two concerning Miss Mary Sweeney, of Lexington, who was the very able judge of all the exhibits in that department. At the close of her labors on Friday afternoon she made a talk of about half an hour, which should have been twice as long and heard by every farmer-husband in the county. The way she scored the husbands who made drudges of their wives, was as the old saying goes "A plumb sight." All of those who live on farms must labor, she said, but so much of the work done is too hard for woman to do. Miss Sweeney illustrated her point by telling a little story. A certain man said to his wife on the anniversary of their marriage, "Dear, we have spent 25 happy years together." "Yes," she replied, and in this time I have walked twenty-five thousand miles carrying water."

The weather from the beginning to the end of the fair was to use a somewhat worn word, ideal. It rained hard on Monday which laid the dust nicely, and contrary to the old saying, it did not rain a day during the continuance of the fair. The attendance on Thursday, Friday and Saturday was very large, noticeably so on Friday. No unpleasant incident or accident occurred to mar the occasion and everybody seemed glad to be here.

The management is to be congratulated upon the success of its efforts to give the people an entertainment worthy of their attention.

PREMIUMS IN WOMEN'S DEPARTMENT LAWRENCE-WAYNE FAIR.

- Department No. 1.
- Beaten Biscuit—Mrs. Emma Turner.
 - White Cake—Mrs. Fannie Haywood.
 - Chocolate Cake—Mrs. W. N. Sullivan.
 - Blackberry Cake—Mrs. James Johns.
 - Marble Cake—Mrs. Earl McClure.
 - Transparent Pie—Mrs. Sam Bromley.
 - Lemon Pie—Miss Charline Crutch.
 - Apple Pie—Mrs. James Johns.
 - Butter—Mrs. J. P. McClure.
 - Fancy Candy—Miss May Sammons.
 - Caramel Fudge—Miss Elizabeth Yates.
 - Eggs—Miss Julia Jane Burgess.
 - Lard—Miss Matilda Wallace.
 - Vinegar—John Turner.
- Department No. 2.
- Jellies.
- Apple—Mrs. M. E. Haywood, (1st).
 - Apple—Mrs. Robt. Hartman, (2nd).
 - Quince—Miss Minnie Austin.
 - Plum—Miss Matilda Wallace, (1st).
 - Plum—Miss Willie Riggs, (2nd).
 - Mint—Mrs. F. T. D. Wallace, Sr.
 - Grape—Mrs. T. B. Billups, (1st).
 - Grape—Miss Matilda Wallace, (2nd).
 - Peach—Mrs. James Johns.
 - Blackberry—Miss Lizzie O'Neal, (1st).
 - Blackberry—Miss Matilda Wallace, (2nd).
 - Strawberry—Miss Matilda Wallace.
 - Current—Mrs. F. T. D. Wallace, Sr.
 - Huckleberry—Mrs. T. B. Billups.
 - Raspberry—Mrs. T. B. Billups.
 - Canned Rhubarb—Mrs. L. D. Jones.
 - Canned Gooseberries—Miss Matilda Wallace.

- Wallace.
- Canned Beets—Mrs. L. D. Jones, (1st).
 - Canned Beets—Miss Willie Riggs, (2nd).
 - Mixed Pickles—Miss Willie Riggs.
 - Cucumber Pickles—Mrs. Geo. Sweetman, (1st).
 - Cucumber Pickles—Miss Matilda Wallace, (2nd).
 - Green Tomato Pickles—Mrs. L. D. Jones.
 - Canned Okra—Mrs. T. B. Billups.
 - Apple Butter—Mrs. James Johns.
 - Chili Sauce—Mrs. M. E. Haywood.
 - Tomato Preserves—Mrs. Jas. Johns.
 - Canned Huckleberries—Mrs. T. B. Billups.
 - Canned Blackberries—Mrs. L. W. Spencer.
 - Pear Preserves—Georgia O'Neal.
 - Canned Damsons—Mrs. T. B. Billups.
 - Spiced Peaches—Mrs. L. D. Jones.
 - Peach Preserves—Mrs. T. B. Billups.
 - Canned Beans—Mrs. Geo. Sweetman, (1st).
 - Canned Beans—Lizzie Jane McClure, (2nd).
 - Canned Corn—Mrs. James Johns.
 - Canned Tomatoes—Mrs. L. D. Jones.
 - Canned Apples—Mrs. James Johns, (1st).
 - Canned Apples—Mrs. Osborne, (2nd).
 - Canned Peaches—Miss Willie Riggs.
 - Strawberry Preserves—Mrs. T. B. Billups.
 - Plum Preserves—Mrs. E. Hutchison.
 - Blackberry Jam—Mrs. L. D. Jones.
 - Quince Butter—Mrs. T. B. Billups.
 - Quince Preserves—Mrs. T. B. Billups.
 - Blackberry Butter—Mrs. Jas. Johns.
 - Canned Peppers—Mrs. T. B. Billups.
 - Pickled Cherries—Mrs. L. D. Jones.
 - Canned Cherries—Mrs. Geo. Sweetman.
 - Water Melon Preserves—Mrs. T. B. Billups.
 - Pickled Beets—Mrs. James Johns.
 - Plum Butter—Mrs. F. T. D. Wallace, Sr.

- Department No. 3.
- Blanket—Mrs. Madge Sweetman, (1st).
 - Blanket—Miss Maxie Farley, (2nd).
 - Patch Work Quilt—Mrs. M. F. Conley, (1st).
 - Patch Work Quilt—Mrs. Sarah Lane, (2nd).
 - Scrap Quilt—Mrs. Betty Pigg, (1st).
 - Scrap Quilt—Mrs. Alexiou, (2nd).
 - Shir Quilt—Mrs. J. N. Marcum.
 - Crochet—Mrs. L. W. Spencer, (1st).
 - Crochet—Jane Farley, (2nd).
 - Crazy Quilt—Mrs. Georgia Johns, (1st).
 - Crazy Quilt—Mrs. Georgia Johns, (2nd).
 - Rug Carpet—Mrs. T. A. Pickrel, (1st).
 - Rug Carpet—Mrs. Jas. Mann, (2nd).
 - Rug—Mrs. T. B. Pickrel, (1st).
 - Rug—Mrs. Georgia Johns, (2nd).
 - Patch Work Quilt—Mrs. Elbert Wilson.

- Flowers.
- Dahlia—Mrs. Nick Alexiou, (1st).
 - Dahlia—Mrs. Nannie Murray, (nd).
 - Roses—Miss Helen Vinson.
 - Hanging Basket—Att Wellman.

- Department No. 4.
- Embroidered Pillow Cases—Mrs. C. C. Hill, first, Mrs. R. L. Vinson, second.
 - Crochet Edge Pillow Cases—Miss Jennie Bromley, first, Miss Jennie Riggs, second.
 - Hand Made Waist—Miss Willie Riggs, first, Miss May Pickrel, second.
 - Embroidered Waist—Mrs. R. L. Vinson, first, Mrs. W. J. Heeter, second.
 - Job Waist—Miss Philp, first, Mrs. L. Holbrook, second.
 - Embroidered Gown—Mrs. Richard Garred, first, Miss Ruth Conley, second.
 - Crochet Trimmed Gown—Mrs. W. J. Heeter.
 - Childs Dress—Mrs. Minnie Bromley, first, Miss Willie Riggs, second.
 - Combination Suit—Mrs. W. J. Heeter.
 - Corset Cover—Miss Edith Marcum, first, Miss May Pickrel, second.
 - Baby Dress—Miss Edith Marcum, first, Mrs. C. C. Hill, second.
 - Crochet Bed Spread—Mrs. James Norton.
 - Knitted Bed Spread—Inez Murphy.
 - Embroidered Towels—Mrs. W. J. Heeter, first, Lena Pickrel, second.
 - Crochet Towels—Jennie Billups, first, Nellie Haws, second.
 - Drawn Work Towels—Mrs. W. J. Heeter.
 - Tatting Trimmed Towels—Mrs. W. J. Heeter.
 - Emb. Guest Towels—Miss Opal Spencer, first, Mrs. Emma W. Joffit, second.
 - Crochet Trimmed Guest Towels—Mrs. C. C. Hill, first, Mrs. F. T. D. Wallace, Sr., second.
 - Flirt Crochet—Mrs. C. C. Hill, first, Mrs. Clara Hays, second.
 - Solid Embroidery—Miss Edith Marcum.
 - Emb. Pin Cushion—Mrs. W. L. Ferguson, first, Mrs. Geo. R. Vinson, second.
 - Crochet Pin Cushion—Sophia Pickrel.
 - Drawn Work Handkerchief—Miss Jennie Bromley, first, Mrs. Emma W. Joffit, second.
 - Tatting Edge Handkerchief—Mrs. W. J. Heeter.
 - Crochet Edge Handkerchief—Mrs. W. J. Heeter, first, Miss Jennie Billups, second.
 - Petticoat—Miss Ruth Conley, first, Miss Edith Marcum, second.
 - Baby Cap (Emb.)—Miss Edith Marcum.
 - Baby Cap (Crochet)—Mrs. W. L. Ferguson, first, Mrs. C. C. Hill, second.
 - Serviceable Sofa Pillow—Mrs. Emma W. Joffit, first, Miss Ora Huff, second.
 - Fancy Sofa Pillows—Mrs. W. J. Heeter, first, Mrs. Emma W. Joffit, second.

- Department No. 5.
- Blanket—Mrs. Madge Sweetman, (1st).
 - Blanket—Miss Maxie Farley, (2nd).
 - Patch Work Quilt—Mrs. M. F. Conley, (1st).
 - Patch Work Quilt—Mrs. Sarah Lane, (2nd).
 - Scrap Quilt—Mrs. Betty Pigg, (1st).
 - Scrap Quilt—Mrs. Alexiou, (2nd).
 - Shir Quilt—Mrs. J. N. Marcum.
 - Crochet—Mrs. L. W. Spencer, (1st).
 - Crochet—Jane Farley, (2nd).
 - Crazy Quilt—Mrs. Georgia Johns, (1st).
 - Crazy Quilt—Mrs. Georgia Johns, (2nd).
 - Rug Carpet—Mrs. T. A. Pickrel, (1st).
 - Rug Carpet—Mrs. Jas. Mann, (2nd).
 - Rug—Mrs. T. B. Pickrel, (1st).
 - Rug—Mrs. Georgia Johns, (2nd).
 - Patch Work Quilt—Mrs. Elbert Wilson.

(Continued on page four)

A LARGE PLANT TO MAKE DYES.

MORE FACTS ABOUT THE NEW ENTERPRISE AT CANNEL CITY.

The following article describes a very important new industry in Morgan county, which adjoins Lawrence on the west side.

New processes are employed in this plant and great results are expected by the inventor and by the United States expert who is aiding in getting it started. It is the first plant of the kind in the United States.

Cannel City, Ky., Sept. 25.—Production of 10,000 pounds of dye a day to relieve the dye famine in this country occasioned by the war in Europe, which prevents shipment from Germany, the big dye producing country of the world, is the ambitious program of the Pearste Company, which is erecting a large plant near Cannel City. Dyes of the highest grades already have been produced in the laboratories of the new company, but the plant, which will consist of furnaces, oil distilleries, dye houses and laboratories, will not be completed until about November 1, when the officials hope to increase their daily production to 10,000 pounds.

Arrangements have been made with the Kentucky Block Cannel Coal Company, of Cannel City, for 500 tons of canal coal a day, to be used in the manufacture of dyes and the valuable by-products resulting from the process and already arrangements have been made with one of the large commission firms of New York city to market the product.

Since the war in Europe stopped the importation of dyes from Germany manufacturers have been anxious about the future and have not been able to supply their demands from the small amount of stock in this country at the time of the outbreak of the war and the comparatively small output of this country. The new canal coal process, a secret process known only to the Pearste Company, not only will relieve the dye famine in this country today, but probably will gain a sufficient hold on the trade in this country to be able to offer competition to the German manufacturers, after the war has stopped and the plants of the Imperial government begin operations. In the past these plants have held a monopoly on this trade, having been sufficiently powerful to crush out any efforts at competition in this country.

"The Cannel City company operations will total between \$1,500,000 and \$2,000,000 yearly," said Dr. Charles H. Gage, one of the joint inventors of the new enterprise with a Herald reporter, "and we have had samples of our product examined by experts who have advised us that our dye will stand every test of fastness and have pronounced it to be A-1."

The process is known among scientific men who have examined it and pronounced it O. K. as the canal coal process, but the inventors refuse to discuss it further. Most of the phases of the process and the apparatus used in the work have been patented, and a representative of the United States Patent Office was at Cannel City Thursday night in conference with Dr. Gage.

Credit for the discovery of the invention is divided between Dr. Gage and Arthur L. Pearce, an English engineer for whom the company is named. Dr. Gage is a Californian, has worked in the famous oil fields of that state, and done much chemical research. He and Mr. Pearce have spent several years on their new invention and located their plant at Cannel City, in the center of the canal coal field, to be able to secure this coal for their plant, which experiments have convinced them that no other coal will give them the same satisfactory results that they have been able to secure from it.

Work on the new plant, located one mile from Cannel City, was started in August, one furnace has been constructed, a temporary laboratory fitted up and the actual production of dyes commenced. As fast as material can be secured four other huge furnaces, with a daily capacity of fifty tons each, will be erected and put into operation, and Dr. Gage in discussing plans of the company said that the expectation was to work 500 tons of coal a day, driving three shifts of men a day in their furnaces, to prevent any waste of materials in allowing the plants to cool down after a single shift.

The Pearste Company is a Delaware corporation, capitalized at \$2,000,000, of which Colonel H. P. Bope, of Pittsburg, vice president of the Carnegie Steel Company, is president; Mr. Pearce, vice president, and Wheeler B. Horner, of Pittsburg, secretary. The company is prepared to spend \$1,000,000 in fitting and installing the plant. Dr. Gage announced, and would spend that much if necessary in order to raise the output of the plant to the desired amount.

Textile manufacturers who operate industries whose combined interests would total \$1,000,000, are dependent on the local production of dye stuffs to continue their business, and many already have been forced to close down owing to the shortage of the dye supply in this country and the limited production of it. The successful operation of the Cannel City plant will mean that the supply in the future will be able to meet the demand of all the manufacturers of this country, and many mills already closed down for

lack of dyes will begin operation as soon as they can secure American dyes. More than two million people are directly affected by the present dye famine in this country. It is estimated, and ten times that many indirectly. Industries which use dye stuffs and have been handicapped during the past year because of the lack of dyes include manufacturers of woollens, silks, cotton, paints, varnishes, paper, inks, leather goods, soaps, perfumes and medicinal preparations.

In the past, 80 per cent of the dye stuffs used in this country have been imported from Germany. The German dye exports have totalled more than \$52,000,000 a year, of which one-fourth have come to the United States.

The new plant now under construction at Cannel City is in charge of Milton A. Allen, who will be general manager after its completion. With him is J. L. Campbell, of England, a chemist of wide experience and high standing in his native land, who arrived at Cannel City several weeks ago to take charge of the laboratory of the plant. Dr. Gage, one of the joint inventors of the process, is at Cannel City for a short time, watching the construction of the plant, and Mr. Pearce left last week for the East after he had seen the first furnace constructed and the operation of the plant actually started.

The furnaces that will be used are large cylindrical tanks ten feet or more in diameter and forty feet high, into which crushed canal coal is poured from the top, oil and coke resulting from the oxidation. The coke is used in providing gas to burn in the furnaces and the oils carried through the distillation process and then treatment in the dyehouse, by which the dye stuffs and many by-products are secured. What processes are used in treating the oil were not divulged by the inventors, who intend, at least for a time, to keep them a secret.

Not only does the operation of the new plant mean employment for several hundred men, after the construction gangs have gone, but it means that the Kentucky Block Cannel Coal Company will have to increase its operation several fold to meet the demand for coal that the new company has indicated it will require. Dr. Gage said when the plant is in full operation it will require 500 tons of coal a day. To meet this demand, the coal company has already opened two new mines immediately adjacent to the plant of the Pearste Company and will make every effort to provide all the coal that may be needed.

The Kentucky Block Cannel Coal Company has been in operation about fifteen years and has mined only a small portion of the Cannel City field that they control, and the production of that territory has verified the original prospecting of the bed made 20 years ago by George M. Sullivan, then with the State Geological Survey. The company is glad to have a steady market close at hand for a large quantity of coal, and will fill that order and continue its regular coal trade, too. Judging from the production of the past fifteen years and the estimate of the coal in this field, it will be able to supply the increased demand for many years yet.

The Kentucky Block Cannel Coal Company has made several experiments in extracting oil from the canal coal they produce, and have been much encouraged in the results secured, but was not in position to carry on the proper tests necessary to work out any dye process or to treat the oil in any methods after extracting it. For these reasons the coal company has not gone further into the field in which the company will work.

In the laboratory already Mr. Campbell has worked out six colors, black, blue, green, red, purple and yellow, the primary colors, and Dr. Gage said that by mixing these primaries any desired color or shade could be secured, but that the Pearste Company intended to manufacture only these primary colors for shipment in bulk lots and let the jobbers distribute the products in smaller quantities and work the original colors into other desired shades.

Samples of the dyes, and of materials that have been treated by the new process dyes, have been given to Dr. Thomas H. Norton, government expert, investigating the chemical and dye stuff situation, but report from New York several days ago was to the effect that he had not had time to examine the new product. To make the production profitable in this country it may be necessary to call on Congress to provide some new legislation to protect the baby industry, as the German manufacturers doubtless will make the same strenuous efforts to crush out all competition, after they have finished their job of war, as they have done in the past, experts say. Dr. Norton in the New York interview suggested that there may be a few colors imported in small quantities for which possibly the present tariff of 30 per cent ad valorem was not adequate, and was of the opinion that Congress should grant "absolute and unqualified statutory protection from underselling on the part of foreign competing rivals rather than by interfering with existing tariff rates." He emphasized that the initial cost of dyestuff companies in America would be heavy and must be reckoned with, but that eventually the cost of production here would be reduced constantly.

One of the unique features of the new Cannel City plant is that in this instance coke is the by-product of the process and what is the regular by-product in a large majority of the operations where coke is made is the principal product of this new plant.

MARRIED.
Mrs. Mary Reynolds, of Oakview and Mr. Fred Elawick, of Summit, were married at the court house in Catlettsburg, Mrs. Simpson, of Portsmouth, accompanied them.

DYES TO BE MADE IN THIS COUNTY.

TORCHLIGHT COAL PLANT BEING EQUIPPED FOR THE MANUFACTURE.

The manufacture of dye stuff will begin very soon at Torchlight, five miles south of Louisa.

The coal and plant of the Eastern Kentucky Coal Company at that place will be utilized in this new enterprise. Work is already under way there and being pushed as rapidly as possible. New buildings and plant will be erected to use in connection with the fine electric plant already in operation there.

It is expected that the company will be turning out some of the new product in a very short time and that it will prove profitable. An expert engineer is in charge of the work.

This is one of the opportunities that has come as a result of the war in Europe. Germany has been furnishing nearly all the dyes used in this and many other countries of the world. Since Germany can not safely ship her products the United States has been forced to learn how to make the dyes needed by her cotton and wool manufacturers.

KENTUCKY'S 100TH S. S. ANNIVERSARY.

The 100th anniversary of the establishment of the first Sunday school in Kentucky and the 50th anniversary of the Kentucky Sunday School Association, will be jointly celebrated in the Golden Jubilee Convention to be held in Louisville October 7-10. For this event greatly reduced rates have been granted on all railroads and many thousands of Kentucky teachers and pupils are expected to attend.

The Kentucky Sunday School Association was organized fifty years ago with J. F. Lithgow, of Louisville, as President. The organization was inaugurated by Rev. John L. McKee, pastor of the Presbyterian church of Louisville, and for many years connected with Center College, Danville.

The first Sunday School was organized at Jeffersonton in 1815 and the following year a Union Sunday school was organized in Louisville. Within the next fourteen years twenty had been established in Kentucky, with 253 teachers and 1,697 pupils. There are now in Kentucky 4,564 Sunday schools with approximately 35,000 officers and teachers and more than 400,000 pupils.

MARION MYERS GRANTED PARDON.

On last Saturday, Governor James B. McCreary granted to Marion Myers a pardon for the killing of J. H. Sorrell. The Governor's action is due to his belief in Myers' innocence. Myers was Marshal of Farmers at the time of the killing and the conditions with which he had to deal were unusual. Governor McCreary expressed the opinion that the conviction of an officer of the law under such circumstances would leave the people without protection. The Governor's view in the matter is in accord with the position taken by Myers' council, Judge Wm. A. Young and B. S. Wilson, in their arguments before the jury. The pardon was granted without delay as soon as the facts were brought to the Governor's attention.—Morehead Mountaineer.

CHILD BADLY INJURED BY AN AUTOMOBILE.

Charles Boggess, a civil engineer, and Bryan Preston, a chauffeur, both of Ashland, are held under \$1,000 bond apiece, as the result of an accident Sunday afternoon, when the machine Preston was driving ran over the baby daughter of Albert Brown, of Garner creek, Boyd county. The accident occurred at the East Fork Chapel.

It is thought the child will die, as its skull is said to be fractured.

In the car at the time were the Misses Agnes and Martha Boggess, sisters of Charles Boggess. The machine had been rented from Martin's Garage, of Ashland.

WEDDING ANNOUNCED FOR THE NEAR FUTURE.

Huntington papers announce that Miss Anna Louise Ratcliff and Mr. Luther Long will be married in the early winter. The date is not given. Louisa people will be interested in this item, as the young lady is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Ratcliff, natives of Louisa, who moved to Huntington several years ago. Mr. Long is a son of the owner of the Huntington Advertiser, a prosperous afternoon daily newspaper. He is associated with his father in the business.

ACCIDENT ENDS IN DEATH.

Injuries suffered by Caner Williams, age 23, when he was hurled 40 feet from a handcar near Fullerton Wednesday morning, when it was struck by a C. & O. engine, proved fatal. Williams passing away at Portsmouth hospital Wednesday afternoon at five o'clock, without regaining consciousness. His skull was crushed and was injured internally.

Caner was a son of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Williams, well known residents of Soldier, and the body was shipped here Thursday for burial.

Williams was born and reared in Soldier and was well and favorably known in that vicinity.

MACK THOMPSON DANGEROUSLY WOUNDED.

Mack Thompson, aged 18 years, son of James Thompson, of Kermit, W. Va., is in the Louisa hospital dangerously, probably fatally, wounded by a pistol shot, fired by Deputy Sheriff Jim Mullett, of the same place. The ball entered the left side and went into the boy's abdomen, carrying a part of the hip bone with it. Part of the small intestine was so torn by the piece of bone that about six inches of the bowel was taken off by the surgeon. The lower part of the large intestine was perforated in three places by the bullet. These perforations were sewn up. Large quantities of undigested food came through the torn bowel into the abdomen. The shooting occurred late last Monday afternoon and Thompson was brought here that night and taken to the hospital where on Tuesday he was operated upon by Dr. Ford, assisted by Drs. Bromley and Wellman.

The shooting is the result of a trouble between the young man and the so-called Gypsies who were here last week. It is said that one of the women took a pocket book from Thompson, who, when she refused to give it back, threw her down and took it from her. It is said that somebody threw stones at the Gypsies who swore out warrants for the arrest of the throwing. It is alleged that the wounded lad is one of those who did the throwing, but he denies it, and when Mullett came to arrest him he resisted and was shot. The officer is said to have fired the bullets, one going through the boy's hat, one going through his coat, but not touching his body, and the other taking effect as above stated. The shooting occurred in the yard of Thompson's home.

ANOTHER TRI-STATE BOY MAKING GOOD WITH SCHOOL.

The Wayne County News says: Prof. Allen C. Davis, a boy reared on a small mountain farm near Kenova, has recently been elected as city superintendent of the Williamson schools for the coming year at a salary of \$2500.

Mr. Davis entered the Kentucky Normal college at Louisa, Ky., a few years ago and graduated with the class of 1909, receiving the A. B. degree.

While in the Kentucky Normal College he was a classmate of G. C. Legg and Rev. Roscoe Murray, of Ceredo.

MINING Y. M. C. A. ACTIVITIES.

S. J. Picklesimer, formerly of this city but now a resident of McRoberts, where he is secretary of the local Mining Y. M. C. A., was here last week on his way home from Camp Boone, on the Kentucky river, where he had attended the annual meeting of the various Mining Y. M. C. A's. At this meeting Mr. Picklesimer was elected Camp Secretary for the State and will reside at Camp Boone, where a handsome bungalow cottage is being erected. He expects to go there in February for residence.

There has been rapid growth in the mining Y. M. C. A. work of Kentucky in the last few years. Last year there were only three mining Y. M. C. A. secretaries at the conference. This year twelve men and one woman were present. Recently a fifty thousand dollar building has been erected at Jenkins and great work is being done in Harlan county. They are far different from other Y. M. C. A. workers as they consider the entire town their membership and the Y. M. C. A. is open to everybody. It is supported by revenue from motion picture shows, candy stores and soda fountains.

WANT HAGER TO RUN.

Many friends of Hon. Edgar Hager of Ashland in this and other parts of the Ninth District are urging him to make the race for the Democratic nomination for Congressman from this district.

Mr. Hager is one of the most popular young men in the district and is one of the most capable young men in the Democratic party. He would make a most excellent race and will find the Democrats of Mason county behind him.—Mayville Independent.

DIED AT 88 YEARS OF AGE.

B. F. Vanhorn died August 15th at Grove creek, Lawrence county, and was buried the 16th in the Vanhorn graveyard. He left 8 children, four girls and five boys, 45 grandchildren, and a host of friends. The cause of his death was cancer. His age was 87 years, 6 months and 16 days. God bless all of his children and grandchildren. We hope to meet him in Heaven.

ANOTHER ADVANCE IN PRICE OF OIL.

There was another increase in the price of Crude oil Monday of this week. The price of Kentucky's best oil is now \$1.12, which is an advance of four cents per barrel. Across in West Virginia the price of Berea oil has gone to \$1.70 per barrel.

ASLEEP, FALLS TO DEATH.

Ashland, Ky., Sept. 22.—Eldo Bigley, of Racine, O., a night watchman on the Big Sandy steamer Mildred, went to sleep and fell into the river, being drowned. His brother, Riggs Bigley, is here to-day making every effort to recover the body, which has not been found.

AGED WOMAN DEAD.

Mrs. Martha Fish died at her home near Port Gait a few days ago. She was about 80 years of age and was well known by many people as a woman of more than ordinary intelligence.